

# INFORMATION ABOUT EATING FISH FROM LAKE COMBIE (NEVADA AND PLACER COUNTIES)

Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA)
California Environmental Protection Agency
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### Why did OEHHA update the advisory for eating fish from Lake Combie?

OEHHA updated the advisory for Lake Combie because additional data became available. This advisory supersedes the previous advisory released in 2009 and is part of an ongoing effort by OEHHA to provide safe-eating advice for fish from different California water bodies. Lake Combie is located approximately eight (8) miles northeast of Auburn, at the border of Nevada and Placer counties.

#### Why should I eat fish?

- Low-contaminant fish are an important part of a healthy, well-balanced diet. The American Heart Association recommends eating at least two servings of fish each week.
- Fish are a good source of protein and vitamins, and are a primary dietary source of heart-healthy omega-3 fatty acids. Eating low-contaminant fish while pregnant may be beneficial to the baby's brain development.

### Which contaminant is of concern for people eating fish from Lake Combie?

- Mercurv
  - Mercury is a metal that comes from mining, air fallout from burning coal and other fuels, and from natural sources. It is the most commonly found contaminant of concern in fish.
  - Too much methylmercury, the form of mercury found in fish, can harm the brain, especially in fetuses, babies, and children. Methylmercury can pass from mothers to their babies during pregnancy.
  - Because fetuses, babies, and children are especially sensitive to mercury,
     OEHHA has one set of advice for how much mercury-containing fish women
     ages 18–49 years and children should eat, and another set of advice for
     women 50 years and older and men 18 years and older.

## How did OEHHA determine the consumption guidelines for eating fish from Lake Combie?

- OEHHA compared contaminant levels in fish caught from Lake Combie to levels that are considered safe for human consumption.
- OEHHA's consumption guidelines balance the health benefits of fish consumption and the risks from the contaminants.

# What does OEHHA recommend for people who want to eat fish from Lake Combie?

- OEHHA recommends the types and amounts of fish that may be eaten each week as "servings." A serving is about the size and thickness of your hand for fish fillets. Give children smaller servings. For smaller fish species, several individual fish may be required to yield a serving.
- Women 18–49 years and children 1–17 years
  - Should not eat black bass species or Sacramento Sucker
  - May eat:
    - 1 total serving per week of sunfish species.
- Women 50 years and older and men 18 years and older
  - o May eat:
    - 2 total servings per week of sunfish species, or
    - 1 total serving per week of black bass species or Sacramento Sucker.
- For additional fish species found in Lake Combie and not included in this
  advisory, OEHHA recommends following the <u>statewide advisory for eating fish</u>
  from California's lakes and reservoirs without site-specific advice.

#### How long is the advisory in effect?

This advisory is effective until an update is issued because chemical contaminant levels in fish do not change much over time.

#### What else can I do to protect my health and the health of my family?

- Eat a variety of fish.
- Eat smaller (younger) fish of legal size.
- Eat only the skinless fillet or meat portion of fish.
- Thoroughly cook the fish and allow the juice to drain away.
- Learn about OEHHA's guidelines for eating sport fish in California:
  - Visit <a href="https://oehha.ca.gov/fish/advisories">https://oehha.ca.gov/fish/advisories</a>, or call OEHHA at (916) 324-7572 or (510) 622-3170.
  - Check the Freshwater or Ocean Sport Fishing Regulations booklets from the California Department of Fish and Wildlife, or visit https://www.wildlife.ca.gov/Regulations.







Children

Less than 8 ounces



Women (50+ Years)

Men (18+ Years)

TOTAL **SERVINGS** A WEEK



TOTAL SERVING A WEEK

### A GUIDE TO EATING FISH FROM **LAKE COMBIE**

(Nevada and Placer Counties)



#### Choose the Good Fish

Fish are a good source of vitamins, protein, and omega-3s. Eating fish low in harmful chemicals may provide important health benefits.

#### Avoid the Bad Fish

Eating fish with higher levels of mercury can harm the brain and nervous system, especially in fetuses, babies and children.





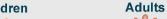
**Sunfish Species** 



**Black Bass Species** 



Sacramento Sucker





8 ounces

Cook fish and shellfish thoroughly to destroy harmful parasites

Eat only the skinless fillet



Some chemicals are higher in the skin, fat, and guts

California Office of **Environmental Health Hazard Assessment** 

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